

IN COOPERATION WITH









HONGKONG

MALAYSIA







PROCEEDINGS

THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON EDUCATION AND LANGUAGE

4th ICEL 2016

20 -21 MAY 2016



Organized by:

Faculty of Teacher Training and Education (FKIP),
English Education Study Program of Bandar Lampung University
Zainal Abidin Pagar Alam street No.89 Labuhan Ratu, Bandar Lampung, Indonesia
Phone: +62 721 36 666 25, Fax: +62 721 701 467
www.ubl.ac.id

PREFACE

The activities of the International Conference are in line and very appropriate with the vision and mission of Bandar Lampung University (UBL) to promote training and education as well as research in these areas.

On behalf of the Fourth International Conference of Education and Language (4^{th} ICEL 2016) organizing committee, we are very pleased with the very good responses especially from the keynote speakers and from the participants. It is noteworthy to point out that about 80 technical papers were received for this conference

The participants of the conference come from many well known universities, among others: International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM), Malaysia, Hongkong Polytechnic University, Hongkong, Shanghai Jiao Tong University (SJTU), China, Shinawatra University, Thailand, University of Texas, Austin, USA, University Phitsanulok Thailand, STIBA Bumigora Mataram, Universitas Ahmad Dahlan, STKIP-PGRI Lubuklinggau, Indonesia University of Education (UPI), Universitas Sanata Dharma, State Islamic College (STAIN) of Jurai Siwo Metro Lampung, State University of Sultan Ageng Tirtayasa and Universitas Lampung.

I would like to express my deepest gratitude to the International Advisory Board members, sponsors and also to all keynote speakers and all participants. I am also grateful to all organizing committee and all of the reviewers who contribute to the high standard of the conference. Also I would like to express my deepest gratitude to the Rector of Bandar Lampung University (UBL) who gives us endless support to these activities, so that the conference can be administrated on time.

Bandar Lampung, 20 May 2016

Drs. Harpain, M.A.T., M.M 4th ICEL 2016 Chairman

PROCEEDINGS

The Fourth International Conference on Education and Language (4th ICEL 2016) BANDAR LAMPUNG UNIVERSITY Bandar Lampung, Indonesia May 20,21 2016

STEERING COMMITTEE

Executive Advisory

Dr. Ir. M. Yusuf S. Barusman, MBA Dr. Hery Riyanto Dr. Lintje Anna Marpaung, S.H.,M.H Dr. Thontowie, M.S

General Chairman

Mustafa Usman, Ph.D

Chairman

Drs. Harpain, M.A.T., M.M

Co-Chairman

Helta Anggia, S.Pd., M.A

Secretary

Yanuarius Y. Dharmawan, S.S., M.Hum

Treasurer

Samsul Bahri, S.E. Dian Agustina, S.E.

Technical Committee

Susanto, S.S., M.Hum., M.A., Ph.D. Deri Sis Nanda, S.S., M.Hum., M.A., Ph.D.

International Advisory Board

Garry Hoban, Prof. Dr., University of Wollongong, NSW Australia S. Mohanraj, Prof., Dr., The English and Foreign Languages University, India Ken Cruickshank, Prof., Dr., University of Sydney, Australia Mohamad Sahari Nordin, Prof., Dr., IIUM, Malaysia Baverly Derewianka, Prof. Dr., University of Wollongong, NSW Australia M. Yusuf S. Barusman, Dr., Universitas Bandar Lampung, Indonesia Mustofa Usman, Ph.D, Lampung University, Indonesia Ahmad F. Ismail, Prof., Ph.D., IIUM, Malaysia Harpain, M.A., Universitas Bandar Lampung, Indonesia Raihan B. Othman, Prof., Dr., IIUM, Malaysia Andala R. P. Barusman, Dr., Universitas Bandar Lampung, Indonesia Jayashree Mohanraj, Prof., Dr., The English and Foreign Languages University, India Ujang Suparman, Ph.D, Lampung University, Indonesia Ahmad HP, Prof., Dr., Universitas Negeri Jakarta, Indonesia Nuraihan Mat Daud, Prof., Dr., IIUM, Malaysia Udin Syarifuddin W, Prof., Dr., Open University, Indonesia Hery Yufrizal, Ph.D, Lampung University, Indonesia Khomsahrial Romli, Prof., Dr., Universitas Bandar Lampung, Indonesia

Organizing Committee

Chair Person

Dra. Yulfriwini, M.T.

Secretary

Bery Salatar, S.Pd.

Treasure

Samsul Bahri, S.E.

Proceeding and Certificate Distribution

Yanuarius Y. Dharmawan, S.S., M.Hum Helta Anggia, S.Pd., M.A Bery Salatar, S.Pd. Dina Ika Wahyuningsih, S.Kom

Documentation

Noning Verawati, S.Sos., M.A. UBL Production

Sponsorship & Public

Ir. Indriarti Gultom, MM. Yulia Hesti, S.H., M.H.

Transportation and Accommodation

Irawati, S.E. Zainal Abidin, S.E. Desi Puspitasari, S.H. Tissa Zadya, S.E., M.M.

Special Events

Dameria Magdalena, S.Pd., M.Hum Yanuarius Y. Dharmawan, S.S., M.Hum Helta Anggia, S.Pd., M.A Kartini Adam, S.E.

Consumption

Siti Rahmawati, S.E. Aminah, S.E., M.Akt.

Table Of Content

Pre	eface	ii
Ste	eering Committee	iii
	ernational Advisory Board	
	ganizing Committee	
	ble of Content	V1
Kε	eynote Speakers :	
1.	A New Voice in ELT: Planning Intensive Workplace Curriculum - Amporn	
	Sa-mgiamwibool	I-1
2.	Fostering The Use of Drama For English Language Learners in The EFL	
	Classroom - Deri Sis Nanda	I-7
3.	The Cultural Compatibility of Saudi EFL University Students in The UT	
	Austin ESL Program - Lobat Asadi	
4.	Challenges For 21 st Century Learning In Indonesia – Hendarman	I-20
Pa	per Presenters :	
1.	A Sociolinguistic Study of English And Javanese Kinship Terminology –	П 1
_	Andrias Yulianto	11-1
2.	Adapting Meg Cabot's Princes Diaries in Teaching Writing – Pramugara	ПС
_	Robby Yana & Zahara Ramadani	II-6
3.	Analysis of Students' Communication Strategies in ESP Class of Mathematic	II 10
4	Study Program – Rizky Ayuningtyas & Hery Yufrizal	11-13
4.	<i>C.</i>	II 10
_	Sugandi	
5.	C	11-24
6.	Communication Theory: Ritual Constraints Used in English Classroom	
	Interaction at Tenth Grade Students of SMK Yadika Lubuk Linggau –	TT 6 0
_	Maria Ramasari	
7.	Designing Instructional Materials For Blended Learning By Using Schoology	
	For Speaking Class Of English Education Study Program Of Teacher	
	Training And Education Faculty Of Bandar Lampung University –	
	Margaretha Audrey S.C. & Dameria Magdalena S	II-34
8.	Designing Lesson Activities Through Maluku Folklore For Character	
	Education – Mansye Sekewael, Frida Pentury and Welma Noija	II-46
9.	EFL Teachers' Belief On Classroom Management And Behavior As The Key	
	Success Of English Language Teaching – Reti Wahyuni	II-52
10.	. English For Maritime – Lucia Tri Natalia Sudarmo, Heidy Wulandari, Marita	
	Safitri, and Fransiscus Widya Kiswara	II-64

11.	Error Analysis Of Aspirated And Unaspirated Consonant Sounds Produced	
	By Students At English Club Senior High School Of Tri Sukses Natar South	
	Lampung – Fitri Anggraini	II-68
12.	ICT and Vocabulary Building - Bastian Sugandi & Eko Saputra	II-72
13.	Improving Students' Pronunciation By Using Audio-Visual-Assisted Text –	
	Yanuarius Yanu Dharmawan & Mutiatus Saniyati	II-75
14.	Informal Assessment for Language Skills: The Leaners' Perspective – Apsus	
	Grumilah & Irfan Nur Aji	II-81
15.	Learner Autonomy In Blended Learning Speaking Class – Ida Nahdaleni &	
	Yanuarius Yanu Dharmawan	II-91
16.	Learning Interaction In Web Based Learning In Speaking Ii Class Of English	
	Education Study Program Of Teacher Training And Education Faculty Of	
	Bandar Lampung University – Upeka Mendis & Arnes Yuli Vandika	II-98
17.	Letter Tiles To Teach Spelling: How Does It Work? – Elita Elva Lintang	
	Femila & Arliva Ristiningrum	II-105
18.	Looking at English National Examination 2016 in Indonesia: A Prospect of	
	Bloom's Revised Taxonomy – Candra Jaya	II-108
19.	Quipper School: How Do Teachers Bring it in the Classroom? – Asep Idin &	
	M. Syahrul Z. Romadhoni	II-118
20.	Scanning Of Students' Learning Style At SMA Negri 7 Lubuklinggau In	
	Academic Years 2015/2016 – Agus Triyogo	II-125
21.	Society'S Attitudes Toward Indonesia And Perspective In Facing The Asean	
	Economic Community – Nur Nisai Muslihah	II-131
22.	Students' Critical Thinking In Online Discussion Forum – Sela Fitriana &	
	Helta Anggia	II-136
23.	Students' Perception In A Blended Learning Speaking Class – Desi Ike Sari	II-144
24.	Teaching Reading Comprehension By Using Creative Thinking Reading	
	Activities (CTRA) To The Eleventh Grade Students Of SMA Negeri 8	
	Lubuklinggau – Syaprizal & Yayuk Handira	II-152
25.	The Application Of Cards In Teaching Grammar To Improve Students	
	Writing Skill: A Teaching Strategy Development - Eroh Muniroh	II-157
26.	The Application Of Problem Based Learning To Increase Critical Thinking	
	And Metacognitive Grade XII Students At Senior High School (SMA)	
	"XYZ" Makasar - Hildegardis Retno Harsanti, Khaterine & Niko Sudibjo	II-160
27.	The Application Of Web Based Learning By Using A Blended Learning	
	Approach In Speaking Ii Class Of English Education Study Program Of	
	Teacher Training And Education Faculty Of Bandar Lampung University -	
	Thea Marisca Marbun B.N & Arnes Yuli Vandika	II-170
28.	The Critical Discourse Analysis On The Fame Of Oreo Wonderfilled	
	Advertisement - Alfriani Ndandara & Frederika Mei Anggraeni	II-178
29.	The Effect Of Using Pair Taping Technique Toward Speaking Ability In	
	Descriptive Text Of The Second Year Students At A Private Secondary	
	School In Pekanbaru - Intan Septia Latifa	II-186

The Fourth International Conference on Education and Language (4^{th} ICEL) 2016 ISSN 2303-1417 Universitas Bandar Lampung (UBL), Indonesia

30.	The Effectiveness Of Scaffolded Reading Experience In Teaching Reading	
	Viewed From Students' Intelligence - Aksendro Maximilian	II-191
31.	The Implementation Of Flipped Classroom By Using Schoology In Speaking	
	II Class Of English Education Study Program Of Teacher Training And	
	Education Faculty Of Bandar Lampung University - David Ginola & Dameria	
	Magdalena S	II-199
32.	The Implementation Of Using Online Application In Increasing Students'	
	Motivation - Dhia Hasanah	II-208
33.	The Possible Causes Of Indonesian EFL Students' Anxiety In Speaking	
	Impromptu Speech - Galuh Dwi Ajeng	II-216
34.	The Use Of Authentic Materials In Speaking Class At The Second Semester	
	Students Of English Education Study Program Of Teacher Training And	
	Education Faculty Of Bandar Lampung University - Helta Anggia & Randi	
	Setyadi	II-222
35.	The Use Of Card Trick To Build Students' Vocabulary - Eny Dwi Marcela	II-229
36.	The Use Of Hot Potatoes For Teaching Vocabulary At The Eleventh Grade	
	Of SMA Bodhisattva - Ezra Setiawan	II-232
37.	The Use Of Interactive White Board In EYL Motivation – Munjiana	II-242
38.	The Use Of Podcast And Interpretive Tasks For Peer Assessment In The	
	Extensive Listening Class - Delsa Miranty	II-248
39.	Translation Shift Of Verb And Sentence Style From English Into Bahasa	
	Indonesian - Diah Supatmiwati	II-257
40.	Using Mnemonic Techniques In Vocabulary Learning - Ita Purnama	II-261

THE APPLICATION OF CARDS IN TEACHING GRAMMAR TO IMPROVE STUDENTS WRITING SKILL: A TEACHING STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT

Eroh Muniroh

SMPN Satap Catang Kabupaten Serang Propinsi Banten Corresponding email: eroh_muniroh@yahoo.com

Abstract

This research was done to overcome the students's problem in understanding grammar. The purpose of the research was to investigated how teaching grammar by using cards could improve students writing skill. The method of the research was classroom action research. The validity of the research used triangulation method. It lead to seek the validity of the research by collecting data from tests, observations, interview and study documents. The subject of the research was students of 7B of SMPN Satap Catang in the year of 2014/2015. The data was analyzed descriptively. The average of the tests increase from one test to the last test in each cycle. The average of pre test was 53 and It increased significantly after using cards. The average score of the first cycle was 74,The second cycle was 81.5 and 89 in the third cycle. This data showed that there was an increasing of student understanding in grammar. Based on the students writing tasks, the ability of students in writing increased significantly, in the first cycle was 70.16, in the second cycle was 79.16 and in third cycle was 86.02. The hypothesis test of Pearson Correlation showed that there was a positive correlation between students mastery in grammar and students writing ability. The observations showed the level of students participation in learning process increase significantly. Interview showed the students' perception towards teaching grammar using cards was highly appreciated by the students. The results of this research proved that the application of cards in teaching grammar effectively improve students writing skill.

Keywords: Cards, Grammar, Students Writing Skill

1. INTRODUCTION

Writing is the activity to express the idea and feeling. It correlates with the activities of reading and listening for thinking and feeling an issue. Students need to master grammar in the writing activities. In the writing, the teacher should give more attention on how to teach grammar in the classroom to make students easy to understand the topics and it lead students to take a part in learning activities. so the purpose of teaching grammar in classroom to improve students writing skills get maximally. Most students find problems in mastering grammar especially when they speak or write in English. Most of the students use grammar incorrectly so the meaning of the message unclearly. Good understanding in grammar will help students improve their writing skills. Many students finds bored in learning grammar and make grammar more appealing, teachers need to show them how useful and attractive grammar can be if they know that grammar helps students express feelings. Grammar is the basics for writing. It is important to gain the meaning of the content or message so teaching grammar must be interesting and challenge to students. Teachers should find out the alternative and attractive way of teaching grammar in the class to improve students writing skill. Teaching grammar attractively is the challenge for teachers today. Teachers can use a variety of activities to teach grammar. One of the alternative ways of teaching grammar is by using media. Media plays an important role as a medium in the process of communication between conveyer and receiver and it is a medium to convey information so the learner to acquire knowledge, skill and attitude.

One of the media is card. The card is the kinds of visual media to help teacher more clearly explanation and also it motivates students to learn and take a part in learning process.

2. METHOD

The design of the research is classroom action research as a qualitative design. The beneficial of classroom action research for teachers improve the quality of teacher's work and the learning process through deep study toward what happen in the class. Mode of classroom action research used in this research adopted from Kurt Lewin. According to Lewin, in Mack (2005), classroom action research consists of several cycles and each cycle

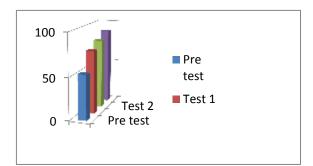
consist of four stages, those are: (1) Planning (2) Acting (3) Observing and evaluating (4) reflecting [1]. The process of collecting data used triangulation of data collecting techniques to get the valid and reliable data. The data are from other perspective to support the result of this classroom action research and to get the validity of the research. The datas are from classroom observation,tests, interview and study document. Observation is a monitoring done by collaborator such as colleague, observer and participant. It plays a main role in the research and support the validity of the research. Louis Cohen et al (2005) suggest that Observation involves watching events and people in such a way that self-consciously heightens your senses (hearing, seeing, and monitoring) of what is happening. It involves paying particular attention to things you are interested in investigating, and screening out for the time-being other events that are less relevant. [2] Interview is a way to check the accuracy or verify the impression from observation. Interview was conducted to 36 students. The purpose of the interview to get the information of what is on their minds, what they think and how they feel about implementing the cards in teaching grammar in the classroom. The kind of interview is open ended question. Test is used to measure the student achievement of learning. It is done after finishing the lesson. This research has three tests and three assignments from each cycle. The standard of success in this research is 70.Study document is needed to complete the research report. Theresearcher make teacher's lesson plan, syllabus, items tests and format of field note before teaching and learning process. The researcher also collects student's writing tasks. Beside that to complete the result of the research, the researcher uses photographs or video tape and photo elicitation. The subbject of the research consist of 36 students from class 7B SMPN Satap Catang from January to February 2015 in the year 2014/2015.

3. FINDING AND INTERPRETATION

The research of the application of cards in teaching grammar to improve students writing skill has some reasons first, students did not interested in learning grammar and hard to understand the topic by using traditional method. Second, students were boring to learn grammar as learning a rule of language. Third, students were poor in grammar and vocabulary. Fourth, students did not write well although they were in the third year of Junior high school. Finally, students did not have confident to write in English. Based on the reasons above, the teacher should created alternative ways in teaching grammar to make them interesting, easy to understand the topic and let them to take part in learning process. The result of pre test showed that the mean of test was low around 53. There were eight students who get score under 40. The lowest score was 20 and the highest score was 80

The teacher tried to implement cards in teaching grammar. The cards are made of thick cartoon and each card consists of one word. There are eight sets of cards and each set consists of fifty cards. Each set of cards is accompanied with dictionary to lead students easy to understand the words and sentence. The class was divided into eight groups and each group got a set of cards. Students arranged the sentence of simple present tense into positive, negative and interrogative sentence in group. One of the member of the group reported the work in front of the class. The teacher discussed the students works and appreciated who did well. The research was done in three cycle and there was a test at the end of the cycle to measure the achievement of the target. Triangulation data used to get the result of research valid and reliable. Triangulation data of this research come from other perspective such as observation, interview, tasks and tests.

The result of the action showed that the understanding of students towards simple present tense increased significantly from cycle to cycle. The mean of test score at first cycle was 74 increased 21 points from the pre test score. The mean of test score at second cycle was 81.5, and it increased 7.5 points and the third cycle was 89 and it increased 7.5 points. The students writing tasks score also increased from cycle to cycle. The first cycle was 70.16, second cycle was 79.16, and third cycle was 86.02 as showed at the figure below:



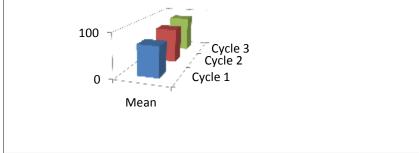


Figure.1. Test score rate.

Figure 2. Task score rate

The observation showed that the level of students participation in learning process also increased because they find interesting in learning grammar, and they were easy to understand the topic so students in each group took part in learning process.

The data from interview showed that the perception of students in learning grammar using cards was highly positive response. From 36 students interviewed, 35 students said that they were interesting in learning grammar using cards and easier in mastering grammar. 33 students thought that they worked more cooperatively in group with other students. A little students found problem in arranging the cards because the word card lost or exchanged to another group. Hypothesis test using T-test dependent variable showed that there was an improvement students understanding in grammar after using cards. It showed from pre-test and post test score. The mean of pre test score was 53 and post test score, after using cards, was 89. There was also a correlation between students mastery in grammar and students writing skill and it was showed by Pearson correlation hypothesis test. Based on Pearson correlation hypothesis test, good understanding in grammar would impact in good writing skill. The data in this research showed that the application of cards in teaching grammar effectively improved students writing skill.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We thank all the students who participated in this research. We also express our gratitude to the Headmaster and the teachers for supporting this research.

REFERENCES

- [1] Natasha, Mack,2005. *Qualitative Reseach Method: A data collector's field Guide"* North Carolina: Family Health International
- [2] Cohen, Louis, Manion and Keith Morrison Lawrence 2005. Research Method In
- [3] Education. New York:Routledge Falmer.
- [4] DeCapua, Andrea. 2005. Grammar for Teacher. New York: Springer.
- [5] Direktorat Pembinaan SMP Ditjen Mandikdasmen Depdiknas. 2006. Contoh/Model Silabus Mata
- [6] Pelajaran Bahasa Inggris, Sekolah Menengah Pertama. Jakarta: BSNP.
- [7] Diptoadi, Listyani, Veronica. 2009. Becoming A Creative Teacher: A Manual for teaching English to Indonesian Elementary Students. Jakarta: Regional English Language office (RELO).
- [8] Hasani, Aceng. 2005. *Ihwal menulis*. Serang: Untirta Press.
- [9] Harmer, Jeremy. 2007. The Practice of English Language Teaching, Harlow: Pearson Longman
- [10] Hyland, Ken. 2003. Second Language Writing. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- [11] Karianto, Budi and Susilo, Joko. 2003. "Permainan Kartu 'Quartet' Sebagai Model Kegiatan Berbicara Dalam Bahasa Inggris" Dalam *Simposium Guru Ke IV*. Malang.





Bandar Lampung University
Zainal Abidin Pagar Alam Street No. 26 Labuhan Ratu
Bandar Lampung, Indonesia | www.ubl.ac.id | Phone +62 721 773 847